

3A Boucher



NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

December 15, 2016

His Excellency, Governor Christopher T. Sununu
and the Honorable Council
State House
Concord, New Hampshire 03301

In accordance with the provisions of RSA 35-A:26, I submit herewith the Annual Report of the New Hampshire Municipal Bond Bank for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Matthew Boucher', with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.

Matthew Boucher, Chairman
Board of Directors

jmt

New Hampshire
Municipal
Bond Bank

2016
ANNUAL
REPORT

NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

2016 ANNUAL REPORT

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November 22, 2016

Her Excellency, Governor Maggie Hassan
and the Honorable Council
State House
Concord, New Hampshire 03301

In accordance with the provisions of RSA 35-A:26, I submit herewith the Annual Report of the New Hampshire Municipal Bond Bank for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

Respectfully submitted,

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Matthew Boucher, Chairman
Board of Directors

jmt

HOW THE BOND BANK OPERATES

MAJOR GOAL

To reduce overall long-term borrowing costs of governmental units within the State for capital improvement projects through lower interest and reduced issuance costs of bond issues.

BENEFITS TO PARTICIPATING COMMUNITIES

Compared to a traditional public bond sale by a local governmental unit, the Bond Bank's financing program offers communities and districts several significant advantages, including:

REDUCED TIME REQUIREMENTS. The local government does not have to manage its own public sale of bonds. Instead, the Bond Bank obtains funds for the community's loan by its own issuance of bonds.

REDUCED COST OF ISSUANCE. By participating in the Bond Bank program, a local government is, in effect pooling its borrowing with that of many other New Hampshire local governments. Since many costs of borrowing are fixed, this pooling spreads the fixed costs of issuance across all participating community loans, thereby reducing the costs paid by each individual borrower. Participating local governmental units who borrow through the Bond Bank do not need to print their own bonds or prepare or mail any Official Statements, and there are no annual trustee and paying agent fees.

COMPETITIVE INTEREST RATES. By reaching the national capital markets, the Bond Bank has been able to obtain competitive interest rates on its Bonds since its initial issue in 1978 and has passed those rates on to communities through the loan rates charged by the Bond Bank.

STREAMLINED DISCLOSURE AND BORROWING PROCESS. The only disclosure requirements for most communities borrowing from the Bond Bank are those contained in the Bond Bank's application form. Participating communities do not have to prepare or print their own Official Statements or obtain their own bond ratings or bond insurance. Given the Securities and Exchange Commission's increased emphasis on municipal disclosure, this streamlined Bond Bank disclosure process will be of increased benefit to communities participating in Bond Bank sales.

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE AND BOND RATING. The Bond Bank also offers communities on-going assistance in the review of planned maturity schedules, preparation of debt service estimates and the updating of such estimates as bond market conditions change. The Bond Bank staff, Board of Directors and professional financial advisor and bond counsel also review Bond Bank financing for compliance with tax reform.

In September, 2016, Moody's Investors Service affirmed the Bond Bank's rating of Aa2 and Standard and Poor's affirmed the Bond Bank's rating of AA+ for bonds issued per the 1978 Resolution. Moody's Investors Service affirmed a rating of Aa3 while Standard and Poor's affirmed a AA rating for bonds issued per the 2005 Resolution.

Participating in a Bond Bank financing eliminates the need for a community to obtain a bond rating or bond insurance. Each community simply fills out its loan application and follows the process for obtaining local approval of debt prescribed by state law. Participants benefit from the Bond Bank's strong credit rating, receiving credit enhancement without having to obtain bond insurance.

POWER AND DUTIES

The New Hampshire Municipal Bond Bank is empowered to issue bonds and notes in its own name and to use the proceeds to directly purchase the bonds or notes of governmental units. The result is to combine a number of smaller bond issues into a single attractive package which the Bond Bank then offers to the national credit markets.

ORGANIZATIONAL BACKGROUND

The membership of the Bond Bank consists of five directors: The State Treasurer, who is a director ex-officio, and four directors appointed by the Governor and Council, one of whom shall be a designee of the NH Municipal Association and at least two of whom shall have a background in municipal finance. The four directors appointed by the Governor and Council serve for terms of five years except that vacancies shall be filled for the unexpired term. The Board annually elects one of its members as Chairman, one as Vice-Chairman, and one as Treasurer and appoints an Executive Director who also serves as Secretary.

No State appropriations are made to the Bank. Fees and charges are authorized to be charged by the Bank for the use of its services or facilities.

Each governmental unit which requests that the Bank purchase its bonds will have its application reviewed by the Directors. Factors to be considered in such review include the outstanding debt of the unit, state and local valuation, tax levy and tax receivables, demographic trends of each area and the ability of the governmental unit to repay the loan. Once approved for the loan, the local unit issues a bond in marketable, negotiable form, accompanied by a legal opinion from a recognized bond counsel. The Bank will establish dates, maturities, and redemption provisions for the bonds. After the bonds are purchased by the NHMBB, the Bank's Trustee will supervise the payment of debt service for the term of the bond issue.

All bonds of the Bank are secured by reserve funds. These reserves provide security for the repayment of the Bank's bonds in the event of a governmental unit default. Although the Bank's bonds are not guaranteed by the State, the law provides a procedure for the Bank to request an advance of State funds, at no interest cost, to maintain these legally required reserves. Operating costs of the Bank are covered by fees and charges and by income from its investments.

GOVERNOR & EXECUTIVE COUNCIL

BOARD OF DIRECTORS
Matthew Boucher, Chairman
Mark Decoteau, Vice Chairman
Marian Alese, Treasurer
William Dwyer
Keith Quinton

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR/SECRETARY
Sheila M. St. Germain

**ARBITRAGE
REBATE**
First Southwest
Dallas, TX

AUDITOR
Baker, Newman
& Noyes, LLC
Manchester, NH

**BOND
COUNSEL**
Locke Lord LLP
Boston, MA

**FINANCIAL
ADVISOR**
First Southwest
Company.
Boston, MA

TRUSTEE
People's United
Bank
Bridgeport, CT

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S REPORT

INTRODUCTION

In its thirty eighth completed year of operations, the New Hampshire Municipal Bond Bank issued two bonds totaling 11,260,000 during fiscal year 2016.

MUNICIPAL DIVISION

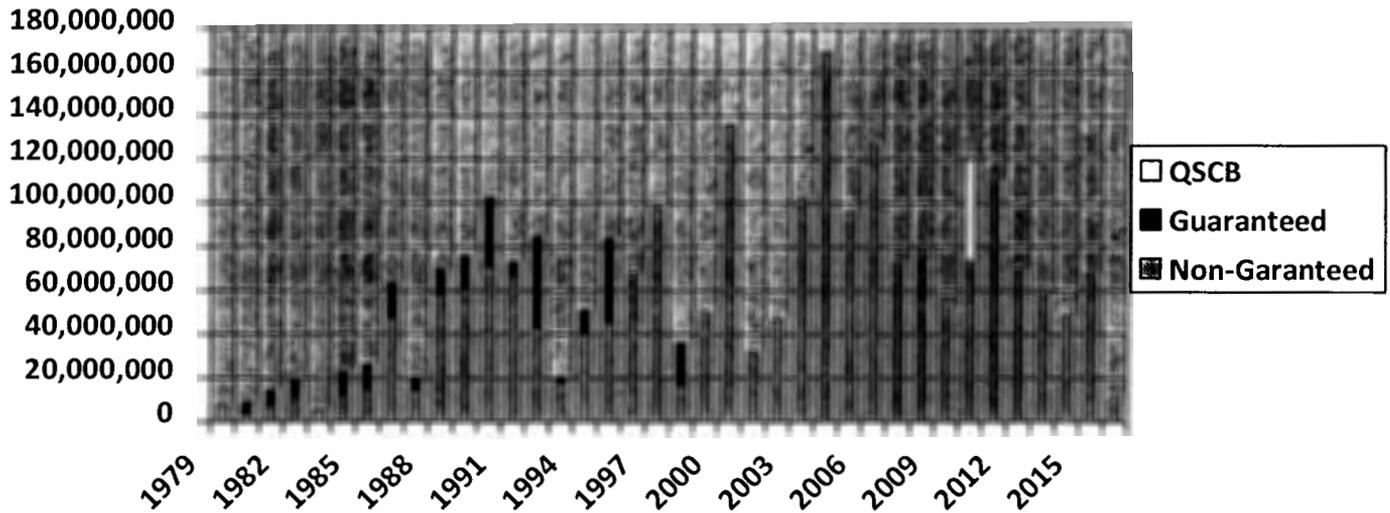
The following is a breakdown of the issues relative to the date of sale, amount and type of issue and the true interest cost versus the Bond Buyer Index:

<u>Date of Sale</u>	<u>Date of Closing</u>	<u>Series</u>	<u>Amount of Issue</u>	<u>Type of Issue</u>	<u>True Interest Cost</u>	<u>Date of Bond Buyer Index</u>	<u>Bond Buyer Index**</u>
06/10/15	07/16/15	2015 C	\$6,245,000	New Loans	2.72%	6/11/15	3.87
1/13/16	2/3/16	2016 A	\$5,015,000	New Loans	1.91%	1/14/16	3.45

**A barometer of the market which is an average of interest costs received on various municipal issues traded during the previous week.

Proceeds from these issues provided funds for 7 communities for purposes such as: road construction, new heating and lighting systems, library and town hall renovations and additions and refinancing.

Since its inception in 1978, the Bank has made 1,198 loans to communities. The Bank has issued a total of \$2,409,019,033 in municipal bonds.



The Bond Bank has also played an effective role in reducing local governments' debt in times of falling interest rates. The following advanced refunding bonds have been issued by the Bond Bank:

Year	Amount Issued	Number of Governmental Borrowers	Savings to Governmental Units
1986 D	\$37 million	38	nearly \$2 million
1991 H, I	\$33.5 million	67	nearly \$1 million
1993 A, B, E, F	\$100 million	105	over \$2 million
1996 A, B	\$40.9 million	92	over \$765 thousand
1998 A, B	\$28 million	85	over \$513 thousand
2002 D	\$90.9 million	48	nearly \$2.7 million
2003 G	\$5.2 million	4	over \$76 thousand
2004 A	\$74 million	43	over \$1.3 million
2005 A	\$34 million	27	over \$504 thousand
2007 A	\$40 million	25	over \$612 thousand
2009 A	\$13.7 million	42	over \$300 thousand
2009 B	\$7.8 million	5	over \$268 thousand
2010 A	\$98.9 million	77	over \$4.5 million
2011 D	\$44 million	23	nearly \$850 thousand
2012 A	\$52 million	22	nearly \$890 thousand
2013 A, B	\$59 million	11	over \$5.64 million
2014 B	\$14 million	1	over \$2.3 million
2015 A,B	\$106 million	36	over \$11.2 million

CONCORD REGIONAL SOLID WASTE/RESOURCE RECOVERY COOPERATIVE

No bond issues were sold during the fiscal year 2016, and all prior bonds have matured.

PUBLIC UTILITY DIVISION

No bond issues were sold during the fiscal year 2016, and all prior bonds have matured.

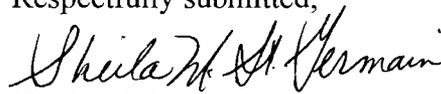
EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS DIVISION

No bond issues were sold during the fiscal year 2016, and all prior bonds have matured.

CONCLUSION

I would like to thank all of the governmental units that participated in this year's issues, and I am looking forward to another successful year of working with the communities of New Hampshire to provide low-cost capital financing.

Respectfully submitted,



Sheila M. St. Germain
Executive Director

**New Hampshire Municipal Bond Bank
Summary of Issues and 20 Year Loan Rates**

SERIES	# of Loans	Loan Bonds	Reserve Bonds	Non-Asset Bonds	Refunding Bonds	Total Bonds	6/30/16 Bonds Outstanding	20 Year Loan TIC
1978 ABC	7	\$7,880,000.00	\$1,120,000.00			\$9,000,000.00		6.100%
1979 ABC	7	\$3,129,500.00	\$460,500.00			\$3,590,000.00		6.170%
1979 A - GTD	4	\$6,047,795.00	\$652,205.00			\$6,700,000.00		5.770%
1980 A	17	\$6,275,561.00	\$1,104,439.00	\$180,000.00		\$7,560,000.00		7.840%
1980 A - GTD	11	\$8,566,825.00	\$1,203,175.00	\$225,000.00		\$9,995,000.00		7.130%
1982 AB	15	\$10,073,971.00	\$1,556,029.00			\$11,630,000.00		*
1982 AB - GTD	17	\$9,075,511.00	\$1,589,489.00			\$10,665,000.00		*
1982 C	9	\$5,468,500.00	\$840,000.00	\$141,500.00		\$6,450,000.00		*
1983 A	15	\$6,970,060.00	\$715,000.00	\$129,940.00		\$7,815,000.00		9.210%
1983 A - GTD	5	\$8,667,500.00	\$1,035,000.00	\$197,500.00		\$9,900,000.00		9.190%
1984 AB	7	\$4,279,000.00	\$131,000.00			\$4,410,000.00		9.560%
1984 A - GTD	3	\$3,535,000.00	\$260,000.00			\$3,795,000.00		9.570%
1985 ABC	16	\$14,216,990.00	\$2,348,010.00			\$16,565,000.00		8.970%
1985 ABC - GTD	15	\$12,222,145.00	\$1,817,855.00			\$14,040,000.00		7.800%
1985 D	19	\$18,924,820.00	\$2,862,000.00	\$358,180.00		\$22,145,000.00		8.390%
1985 D - GTD	13	\$10,307,613.00	\$1,369,000.00	\$198,387.00		\$11,875,000.00		8.160%
1986 AB	26	\$28,147,486.00	\$3,952,514.00			\$32,100,000.00		8.000%
1986 AB - GTD	7	\$6,214,799.00	\$695,201.00			\$6,910,000.00		7.460%
1986 C	7	\$13,958,000.00	\$2,047,000.00	\$315,000.00		\$16,320,000.00		7.390%
1986 C - GTD	6	\$6,672,325.00	\$1,025,000.00	\$157,675.00		\$7,855,000.00		7.090%
1986 D					\$16,865,000.00	\$16,865,000.00		*
1986 D - GTD					\$20,530,000.00	\$20,530,000.00		*
1987 A	42	\$46,128,466.00	\$5,575,000.00	\$576,534.00		\$52,280,000.00		7.680%
1987 A - GTD	4	\$3,222,500.00	\$30,000.00	\$47,500.00		\$3,300,000.00		7.180%
1987 B	14	\$11,615,739.00	\$1,705,000.00	\$224,261.00		\$13,545,000.00		7.840%
1987 C - GTD	8	\$9,270,093.00	\$735,000.00	\$139,907.00		\$10,145,000.00		7.520%
1988 A	61	\$43,276,011.00	\$6,679,000.00	\$94,989.00		\$50,050,000.00		7.460%
1988 B - GTD	21	\$12,840,293.00	\$1,341,000.00	\$28,707.00		\$14,210,000.00		7.290%
1988 C	19	\$17,008,618.00	\$2,775,000.00	\$96,382.00		\$19,880,000.00		7.630%
1988 D - GTD	7	\$2,817,120.00	\$499,000.00	\$13,880.00		\$3,330,000.00		7.460%
1989 A	38	\$39,741,838.00	\$6,568,162.00			\$46,310,000.00		6.790%
1989 B - GTD	5	\$10,380,566.00	\$1,239,434.00			\$11,620,000.00		6.700%
1989 C	20	\$21,546,950.00	\$3,078,050.00			\$24,625,000.00		6.870%
1989 D - GTD	2	\$8,050,000.00	\$910,000.00			\$8,960,000.00		6.760%
1990 A	3	\$9,486,500.00	\$1,333,500.00			\$10,820,000.00		6.900%
1990 B - GTD	4	\$13,453,500.00	\$1,586,500.00			\$15,040,000.00		6.760%
1990 C	37	\$33,197,660.00	\$5,312,340.00			\$38,510,000.00		6.990%
1990 D - GTD	1	\$4,500,000.00	\$515,000.00			\$5,015,000.00		6.870%
1990 F	12	\$11,714,139.00	\$1,675,861.00			\$13,390,000.00		6.750%
1990 G - GTD	3	\$3,093,750.00	\$396,250.00			\$3,490,000.00		6.730%
1991 A	3	\$20,921,515.00	\$2,548,485.00			\$23,470,000.00		6.870%
1991 E	26	\$29,399,450.00	\$4,875,550.00			\$34,275,000.00		6.760%
1991 F - GTD	2	\$11,450,000.00	\$1,395,000.00			\$12,845,000.00		6.690%
1991 H	1	\$4,700,000.00			\$30,800,000.00	\$35,500,000.00		6.089%
1991 I - GTD					\$10,400,000.00	\$10,400,000.00		*
1991 J	7	\$8,453,750.00	\$1,116,250.00			\$9,570,000.00		6.650%
1991 K - GTD	3	\$31,200,000.00	\$3,545,000.00			\$34,745,000.00		6.570%
1992 A	17	\$11,542,118.00	\$1,512,882.00			\$13,055,000.00		5.940%
1992 B - GTD	1	\$1,312,500.00		\$2,500.00		\$1,315,000.00		5.600%
1992 C	11	\$6,045,200.00	\$959,800.00			\$7,005,000.00		5.670%
1992 D - GTD	3	\$2,046,500.00	\$213,500.00			\$2,260,000.00		5.670%
1993 A					\$30,565,000.00	\$30,565,000.00		*
1993 B - GTD					\$10,745,000.00	\$10,745,000.00		*
1993 C	17	\$14,754,543.00	\$1,950,457.00			\$16,705,000.00		5.610%
1993 D - GTD	8	\$11,273,741.00	\$1,706,259.00			\$12,980,000.00		5.480%
1993 E					\$20,685,000.00	\$20,685,000.00		*
1993 F - GTD					\$38,350,000.00	\$38,350,000.00		*
1993 G	4	\$4,134,550.00	\$100,450.00			\$4,235,000.00		4.820%
1994 A	2	\$20,985,000.00	\$2,445,000.00			\$23,430,000.00		4.890%
1994 B	24	\$28,557,501.00	\$3,262,499.00			\$31,820,000.00		5.780%
1994 C - GTD	9	\$37,122,548.00	\$6,347,452.00			\$43,470,000.00		5.580%
1994 D - GTD	1	\$2,937,516.00				\$2,937,516.00		6.230%
1994 E - GTD			\$530,000.00			\$530,000.00		5.939%
1994 F	9	\$16,642,900.00	\$1,992,100.00			\$18,635,000.00		6.210%
1995 A	35	\$63,390,408.00	\$7,534,592.00			\$70,925,000.00		5.410%
1995 B	4	\$4,597,186.00	\$322,814.00			\$4,920,000.00		5.180%
1996 A					\$34,090,000.00	\$34,090,000.00		*
1996 B - GTD					\$6,820,000.00	\$6,820,000.00		*
1996 C	28	\$75,661,141.00	\$8,568,859.00			\$84,230,000.00		5.690%
1996 D	4	\$22,112,509.00	\$2,237,491.00			\$24,350,000.00		5.450%
1997 A	21	\$12,545,478.00	\$1,039,522.00			\$13,585,000.00		5.030%
1997 B - GTD	8	\$12,937,108.00	\$1,222,892.00			\$14,160,000.00		4.982%
1997 C	7	\$4,282,582.00	\$475,418.00			\$4,758,000.00		4.660%
1997 D - GTD	4	\$6,483,180.00	\$701,820.00			\$7,185,000.00		4.610%
1998 A	25	\$30,492,631.00	\$3,317,369.00		\$16,900,000.00	\$50,710,000.00		4.860%
1998 B - GTD					\$11,055,000.00	\$11,055,000.00		*
1999 A	8	\$19,839,721.00	\$1,850,279.00			\$21,690,000.00		4.400%

**New Hampshire Municipal Bond Bank
Summary of Issues and 20 Year Loan Rates**

SERIES	# of Loans	Loan Bonds	Reserve Bonds	Non-Asset Bonds	Refunding Bonds	Total Bonds	6/30/16 Bonds Outstanding	20 Year Loan TIC
1999 B	31	\$98,379,184.00	\$12,865,816.00			\$111,245,000.00		5.200%
1999 C	8	\$37,719,928.00	\$3,635,072.00			\$41,355,000.00		5.420%
2000 A	13	\$26,441,258.00	\$2,873,742.00			\$29,315,000.00		5.280%
2000 B	8	\$5,788,280.00	\$556,720.00			\$6,345,000.00		5.060%
2001 A	22	\$41,119,513.00	\$4,270,487.00			\$45,390,000.00		4.680%
2002 A	4	\$5,765,600.00	\$636,400.00			\$6,402,000.00		4.100%
2002 B	27	\$68,192,776.00	\$7,867,224.00			\$76,060,000.00		4.400%
2002 C	7	\$22,553,375.00	\$2,091,625.00			\$24,645,000.00		4.150%
2002 D					\$90,900,000.00	\$90,900,000.00		*
2002 E	7	\$11,374,785.00	\$1,875,215.00			\$13,250,000.00		4.500%
2002 F					\$3,605,000.00	\$3,605,000.00		*
2003 A					\$30,285,000.00	\$30,285,000.00		*
2003 B - GTD					\$36,415,000.00	\$36,415,000.00		*
2003 C	9	\$70,335,655.00	\$7,104,345.00			\$77,440,000.00		3.570%
2003 D	1	\$14,000,000.00				\$14,000,000.00	\$5,600,000.00	3.340%
2003 E	2	\$38,340,000.00	\$6,105,000.00			\$44,445,000.00		4.460%
2003 F	4	\$46,380,000.00	\$7,740,000.00			\$54,120,000.00		4.080%
2003 G - GTD					\$5,245,000.00	\$5,245,000.00		*
2004 A					\$74,095,000.00	\$74,095,000.00		*
2004 B	21	\$89,987,000.00	\$14,103,000.00			\$104,090,000.00		4.400%
2004 C	3	\$5,261,500.00	\$578,500.00			\$5,840,000.00		4.450%
2005 A					\$34,035,000.00	\$34,035,000.00		*
2005 B	13	\$58,240,910.00	\$7,399,090.00			\$65,640,000.00		4.030%
2005 C	2	\$21,145,000.00	\$1,680,000.00			\$22,825,000.00		4.140%
2005 D	1	\$47,505,000.00				\$47,505,000.00		4.340%
2006 A	14	\$53,630,000.00				\$53,630,000.00	\$2,890,000.00	4.560%
2006 B	6	\$19,830,000.00				\$19,830,000.00	\$915,000.00	4.040%
2007 A					\$37,330,000.00	\$37,330,000.00	\$35,795,000.00	*
2007 B	19	\$68,905,000.00				\$68,905,000.00	\$6,115,000.00	4.570%
2007 C	7	\$10,656,000.00				\$10,656,000.00	\$870,000.00	4.070%
2008 A	18	\$42,310,000.00				\$42,310,000.00	\$26,365,000.00	4.240%
2008 B	4	\$10,092,500.00	\$402,500.00			\$10,495,000.00	\$6,310,000.00	5.070%
2009 A					\$13,710,000.00	\$13,710,000.00	\$3,475,000.00	*
2009 B - GTD					\$7,880,000.00	\$7,880,000.00	\$895,000.00	*
2009 C	9	\$21,400,000.00	\$1,850,000.00			\$23,250,000.00	\$14,550,000.00	3.970%
2009 D	1	\$25,000,000.00	\$2,845,000.00			\$27,845,000.00	\$24,970,000.00	*
2009 E	4	\$27,080,000.00	\$2,405,000.00			\$29,485,000.00	\$20,600,000.00	3.560%
2010 A					\$98,975,000.00	\$98,975,000.00	\$66,170,000.00	*
2010 B	12	\$97,960,000.00	\$6,600,000.00			\$104,560,000.00	\$89,545,000.00	3.820%
2010 C - QSCB	5	\$46,812,349.00				\$46,812,349.00	\$32,085,000.00	*
2010 D	6	\$2,875,000.00				\$2,875,000.00	\$1,325,000.00	4.070%
2011 A	1	\$8,625,000.00				\$8,625,000.00	\$4,935,000.00	*
2011 B	6	\$23,390,000.00	\$1,295,000.00			\$24,685,000.00	\$17,875,000.00	3.410%
2011 C	1	\$7,810,000.00	\$670,000.00			\$8,480,000.00	\$5,010,000.00	*
2011 D					\$43,970,000.00	\$43,970,000.00	\$41,115,000.00	*
2011 E	5	\$32,660,000.00	\$2,765,000.00			\$35,425,000.00	\$29,505,000.00	3.380%
2011 F	4	\$5,615,000.00	\$495,000.00			\$6,110,000.00	\$3,395,000.00	*
2012 A					\$51,450,000.00	\$51,450,000.00	\$28,250,000.00	*
2012 B	7	\$16,115,000.00	\$1,540,000.00			\$17,655,000.00	\$14,445,000.00	3.190%
2012 C	24	\$37,020,000.00	\$1,445,000.00			\$38,465,000.00	\$32,045,000.00	3.120%
2012 D	3	\$7,615,000.00	\$540,000.00			\$8,155,000.00	\$6,385,000.00	2.380%
2013 A					\$29,090,000.00	\$29,090,000.00	\$29,090,000.00	*
2013 B					\$30,045,000.00	\$30,045,000.00	\$16,220,000.00	*
2013 C	14	\$48,225,000.00	\$5,165,000.00			\$53,390,000.00	\$47,445,000.00	3.580%
2014 A	16	\$60,460,000.00	\$5,235,000.00			\$65,695,000.00	\$62,160,000.00	3.480%
2014 B	3	\$7,345,000.00			\$12,830,000.00	\$20,175,000.00	\$18,770,000.00	3.030%
2015 A			\$5,410,000.00		\$76,060,000.00	\$81,470,000.00	\$81,270,000.00	*
2015 B					\$24,210,000.00	\$24,210,000.00	\$23,965,000.00	*
2015 C	3	\$6,245,000.00				\$6,245,000.00	\$6,245,000.00	3.150%
2016 A	4	\$5,015,000.00				\$5,015,000.00	\$5,015,000.00	2.450%
Total	1,198	\$2,409,019,033.00	\$250,553,990.00	\$3,127,842.00	\$947,935,000.00	\$3,610,635,865.00	\$811,615,000.00	

* There were no 20 year loans in these issues.

NH Municipal Bond Bank
 Outstanding Borrowers as of 6/30/16

Municipality	6/30/2016 Outstanding Loans	Percent of Total Loan Portfolio
ALEXANDRIA, TOWN	175,000	0.0261%
ALTON SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,825,000	0.4205%
AMHERST SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,625,000	0.5396%
ANDROSCOGGIN VALLEY DISTRICT	5,600,000	0.8336%
ASHLAND, TOWN	847,000	0.1261%
ATKINSON, TOWN	1,020,000	0.1518%
BARNSTEAD SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,360,000	0.5002%
BEDFORD SCHOOL DISTRICT	530,000	0.0789%
BELMONT, TOWN	387,000	0.0576%
BERLIN, CITY	3,475,000	0.5173%
BOSCAWEN, TOWN OF	1,389,000	0.2068%
BOW SCHOOL DISTRICT	805,000	0.1198%
BOW, TOWN OF	9,020,000	1.3428%
BRENTWOOD SCHOOL DISTRICT	899,035	0.1338%
BRENTWOOD, TOWN	2,515,000	0.3744%
BRISTOL, TOWN	469,400	0.0699%
BROOKLINE SCHOOL DISTRICT	908,818	0.1353%
BROOKLINE, TOWN	2,145,000	0.3193%
CANDIA, TOWN	290,000	0.0432%
CANTERBURY, TOWN	1,285,000	0.1913%
CARROLL, TOWN	225,000	0.0335%
CENTRAL HOOKSETT WATER PREC.	135,000	0.0201%
CHARLESTOWN, TOWN	1,186,000	0.1766%
CHESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT	835,000	0.1243%
CHESTER, TOWN	75,000	0.0112%
CHESTERFIELD, TOWN	1,320,000	0.1965%
CHICHESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT	210,000	0.0313%
CLAREMONT SCHOOL DISTRICT	10,070,000	1.4991%
CLAREMONT, CITY	14,750,000	2.1958%
CONCORD SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,970,000	0.4421%
CONTOOCH VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,495,000	0.3714%
CONWAY SCHOOL DISTRICT	14,760,000	2.1973%
CONWAY, TOWN	150,000	0.0223%
DEERING, TOWN	225,000	0.0335%
DERRY, TOWN	710,000	0.1057%
DOVER, CITY	2,128,203	0.3168%
DRESDEN SCHOOL DISTRICT	13,741,760	2.0457%
DURHAM, TOWN	4,315,000	0.6424%
EAST KINGSTON, TOWN	2,755,000	0.4101%
EMERALD LAKE VILLAGE DISTRICT	375,000	0.0558%

NH Municipal Bond Bank
 Outstanding Borrowers as of 6/30/16

Municipality	6/30/2016 Outstanding Loans	Percent of Total Loan Portfolio
EPPING SCHOOL DISTRICT	7,435,000	1.1068%
EPPING, TOWN	2,590,000	0.3856%
EXETER REGION COOPERATIVE	12,766,628	1.9005%
EXETER, TOWN	10,627,400	1.5821%
FALL MNT REG. SCHOOL DISTRICT	900,000	0.1340%
FARMINGTON, TOWN	20,000	0.0030%
FRANCESTOWN, TOWN	535,000	0.0796%
FRANKLIN, CITY	1,200,000	0.1786%
FREEDOM, TOWN	440,000	0.0655%
FREMONT, TOWN	785,000	0.1169%
GILFORD SCHOOL DISTRICT	5,945,000	0.8850%
GILFORD, TOWN	1,095,000	0.1630%
GILMANTON SCHOOL DISTRICT	200,000	0.0298%
GOFFSTOWN, TOWN	75,000	0.0112%
GOV WENTWORTH SCHOOL DIST	39,602,271	5.8954%
GRAFTON COUNTY	285,000	0.0424%
GRANTHAM SCHOOL DISTRICT	4,610,000	0.6863%
GRANTHAM, TOWN	1,019,600	0.1518%
GREENFIELD, TOWN	505,000	0.0752%
GREENLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,245,000	0.3342%
GREENVILLE, TOWN	575,000	0.0856%
HAMPTON FALLS SCHOOL DISTRICT	670,000	0.0997%
HAMPTON FALLS, TOWN	1,200,000	0.1786%
HAMPTON SCHOOL DISTRICT	715,000	0.1064%
HAMPTON, TOWN	4,575,000	0.6811%
HANOVER SCHOOL DISTRICT	5,255,000	0.7823%
HANOVER, TOWN	3,620,000	0.5389%
HENNIKER, TOWN	440,000	0.0655%
HILL SCHOOL DISTRICT	570,000	0.0849%
HILL, TOWN	376,000	0.0560%
HILLSBORO-DEERING SCHOOL	5,145,000	0.7659%
HILLSBOROUGH, TOWN	814,000	0.1212%
HINSDALE SCHOOL DISTRICT	6,500,000	0.9676%
HINSDALE, TOWN	880,000	0.1310%
HOLLIS, TOWN	345,000	0.0514%
HOLLIS-BROOKLINE SCHOOL DIST	4,846,444	0.7215%
HOPKINTON, TOWN	420,000	0.0625%
HUDSON, TOWN	11,900,000	1.7715%
JACKSON, TOWN	540,000	0.0804%
JAFFREY, TOWN	1,370,000	0.2039%

**NH Municipal Bond Bank
Outstanding Borrowers as of 6/30/16**

Municipality	6/30/2016 Outstanding Loans	Percent of Total Loan Portfolio
JAFFREY-RINDGE COOP SCHOOL	3,690,000	0.5493%
KEARSARGE REG. SCHOOL DIST	10,357,142	1.5418%
KEENE SCHOOL DISTRICT	29,301,201	4.3619%
KENSINGTON, TOWN	475,000	0.0707%
LACONIA, CITY	20,580,686	3.0638%
LANCASTER, TOWN	2,948,000	0.4389%
LEBANON SCHOOL DISTRICT	18,915,000	2.8158%
LEBANON, CITY	40,490,000	6.0276%
LEE, TOWN	240,000	0.0357%
LINCOLN, TOWN	1,421,500	0.2116%
LISBON, TOWN	579,000	0.0862%
LITTLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT	4,960,000	0.7384%
LOWER BARTLETT WATER PRECINCT	4,371,600	0.6508%
LYME SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,560,000	0.3811%
LYME, TOWN	810,000	0.1206%
MARLBOROUGH SCHOOL DISTRICT	5,711,791	0.8503%
MARLBOROUGH, TOWN	186,000	0.0277%
MASCENIC REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT	16,225,000	2.4153%
MASON SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,455,000	0.5143%
MASON, TOWN	25,000	0.0037%
MEREDITH, TOWN	835,000	0.1243%
MERRIMACK SCHOOL DISTRICT	7,675,000	1.1425%
MERRIMACK VILLAGE DISTRICT	3,010,000	0.4481%
MERRIMACK, TOWN	1,470,000	0.2188%
MIDDLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT	5,735,000	0.8537%
MILFORD SCHOOL DISTRICT	5,930,000	0.8828%
MILFORD, TOWN	670,000	0.0997%
MILTON SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,350,000	0.2010%
MONT VERNON, TOWN	885,000	0.1317%
NEW CASTLE, TOWN	420,000	0.0625%
NEW DURHAM, TOWN	460,000	0.0685%
NEW HAMPTON VILLAGE PRECINCT	381,000	0.0567%
NEW LONDON, TOWN	320,000	0.0476%
NEWFIELDS, TOWN	695,000	0.1035%
NEWMARKET, TOWN	1,225,000	0.1824%
NEWPORT SCHOOL DISTRICT	6,080,000	0.9051%
NORTH CONWAY WATER PRECINCT	6,086,000	0.9060%
NORTH HAMPTON SCHOOL DISTRICT	875,000	0.1303%
NORTH HAMPTON, TOWN	3,030,000	0.4511%
NORTHUMBERLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT	75,000	0.0112%

**NH Municipal Bond Bank
Outstanding Borrowers as of 6/30/16**

Municipality	6/30/2016 Outstanding Loans	Percent of Total Loan Portfolio
NORTHWOOD SCHOOL DISTRICT	290,000	0.0432%
NOTTINGHAM, TOWN	60,000	0.0089%
OSSIPEE, TOWN	375,000	0.0558%
PELHAM SCHOOL DISTRICT	19,705,000	2.9334%
PEMBROKE SCHOOL DISTRICT	270,000	0.0402%
PEMBROKE, TOWN	550,000	0.0819%
PENACOOK BOSCAWEN WATER PRECINCT	649,000	0.0966%
PETERBOROUGH, TOWN	3,944,000	0.5871%
PILLSBURY LAKE VILLAGE DISTRICT	230,000	0.0342%
PITTSFIELD SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,060,000	0.1578%
PLAINFIELD SCHOOL DISTRICT	525,000	0.0782%
PLAINFIELD VILLAGE WATER DIST	80,000	0.0119%
PLYMOUTH VILLAGE WATER & SEWER	1,784,000	0.2656%
PROFILE SCHOOL DISTRICT	7,100,000	1.0569%
RAYMOND SCHOOL DISTRICT	6,040,828	0.8993%
RAYMOND, TOWN	225,000	0.0335%
RINDGE, TOWN	80,000	0.0119%
ROCHESTER, CITY	1,040,000	0.1548%
ROLLINSFORD WATER & SEWER	655,000	0.0975%
RYE SCHOOL DISTRICT	280,000	0.0417%
RYE, TOWN	1,950,000	0.2903%
SALEM SCHOOL DISTRICT	27,715,000	4.1258%
SALEM, TOWN	805,000	0.1198%
SANBORN REG. SCHOOL DISTRICT	9,604,592	1.4298%
SANDOWN, TOWN	625,000	0.0930%
SAWYER LAKE VILLAGE DISTRICT	150,000	0.0223%
SEABROOK, TOWN	5,550,000	0.8262%
SOMERSWORTH, CITY	28,880,099	4.2993%
SOUHEGAN COOPERATIVE SCHOOL	775,000	0.1154%
SPOFFORD FIRE DISTRICT	825,000	0.1228%
STEWARTSTOWN SCHOOL DISTRICT	90,000	0.0134%
STRAFFORD COUNTY	3,040,000	0.4526%
STRAFFORD SCHOOL DISTRICT	4,305,000	0.6409%
STRATHAM, TOWN	2,015,000	0.3000%
SULLIVAN COUNTY	2,620,000	0.3900%
SUNAPEE, TOWN	1,001,000	0.1490%
SUNRISE LAKE VILLAGE DISTRICT	280,000	0.0417%
SWANZEY, TOWN	1,071,000	0.1594%
TILTON, TOWN	2,233,000	0.3324%
TIMBERLANE REGIONAL SCH. DIST	6,400,000	0.9527%

**NH Municipal Bond Bank
Outstanding Borrowers as of 6/30/16**

Municipality	6/30/2016 Outstanding Loans	Percent of Total Loan Portfolio
UNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT	5,625,000	0.8374%
WASHINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT	70,000	0.0104%
WATERVILLE VALLEY, TOWN	25,000	0.0037%
WEBSTER, TOWN	280,000	0.0417%
WESTMORELAND SCHOOL DISTRICT	492,000	0.0732%
WHITEFIELD, TOWN	376,500	0.0560%
WILTON, TOWN	945,000	0.1407%
WILTON-LYNDEBOROUGH SCHOOL	8,920,000	1.3279%
WINCHESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,400,000	0.2084%
WINDHAM SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,115,000	0.1660%
WINNACUNNET COOP. SCHOOL DIST.	14,580,000	2.1705%
WINNISQUAM REG. SCHOOL DISTRICT	4,935,000	0.7347%
WOLFEBORO, TOWN	14,958,000	2.2267%
	\$ 671,746,496	100%

Outstanding Debt by Borrower	671,746,496.00
Prepayments	(1,223,000.00)
Adjustment for Capital Appreciation Bonds	73,543,504.00
Statement of Net Position 06-30-16	<u>744,067,000.00</u>

BAKER
NEWMAN
NOYES

New Hampshire Municipal Bond Plans

Plan for the
Management, Development,
and Financing of

401(a) and 408(a) Plans

Baker, Newman & Noyes

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NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS,
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
AND REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors
New Hampshire Municipal Bond Bank

We have audited the accompanying financial statements, consisting of the General Operating Fund Group, State Guaranteed Fund Group, Qualified School Construction Fund Group, and Non-State Guaranteed Fund Group of New Hampshire Municipal Bond Bank, which comprise the statements of net position as of June 30, 2016, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of New Hampshire Municipal Bond Bank, as well as the individual fund groups referred to above, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in net position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Board of Directors
New Hampshire Municipal Bond Bank

Other Matter

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Required Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Baker Newman & Noyes LLC
Manchester, New Hampshire
October 21, 2016

NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2016

As financial management of the New Hampshire Municipal Bond Bank (the Bond Bank), we offer readers of these financial statements this narrative, overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Bond Bank for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This discussion and analysis is designed to assist the reader in focusing on the significant financial issues and activities of the Bond Bank and to identify any significant changes in financial position. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the basic financial statements as a whole.

Financial Highlights

- Revenues for the Bond Bank were \$39,879,667 for fiscal year 2016, a decrease of \$176,208 or 0.44% from fiscal year 2015.

Increase (decrease) in account balances from fiscal year 2015

Interest on loans receivable from governmental units	\$(2,701,842)
Interest income from investments	12,366
Net increase in the fair value of investments	2,752,335
Other income	<u>(239,067)</u>
Total net decrease	<u>\$ (176,208)</u>

- Investments are recorded at fair value to comply with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's rules. The Bond Bank generally holds investments until maturity to pay reserve fund bonds as they become due, so fluctuations in the fair value of the investments have a minimal long-term effect.

Operating income for 2016	\$ 4,328,429
Less net increase in the fair value of investments	<u>(1,847,355)</u>
Operating income for 2016 (excluding net increase in fair value of investments)	<u>\$ 2,481,074</u>

- The provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72 were adopted in fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Approximately ten percent of the Bond Bank's investments held by trustee have been categorized as level one and the remaining ninety percent have been categorized as level two. See note 5 to the accompanying financial statements.
- Net position of the Bond Bank increased \$4,328,429 in fiscal year 2016. At June 30, 2016, the Bond Bank had a net position of \$23,263,442, an increase of 22.86% from the prior year.

NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2016

- The Bond Bank's bonds outstanding at June 30, 2016 of \$856,479,606 represents a net decrease of \$68,117,902 from the balance at June 30, 2015. This decrease was the result of the following activity in fiscal year 2016:

Issued 2015 C and 2016 A bonds totaling	\$ 11,260,000
Capitalized premiums	226,994
Amortization of premiums	(4,624,896)
2016 principal paid	<u>(74,980,000)</u>
Total net decrease	<u>\$(68,117,902)</u>

- The Bond Bank provided \$11,260,000 in new loans to local governmental units during fiscal year 2016 resulting in a net decrease of \$56,545,000, which was a 83.39% decrease from the loans provided in fiscal year 2015. No reserve bonds were issued in fiscal year 2016.

Overview of the Bond Bank

The Bond Bank was created in 1977 by an Act of the New Hampshire Legislature, RSA:35-A, is a public body corporate and politic and is constituted as an instrumentality exercising public and essential governmental functions of the State. The Bond Bank was established to issue bonds for the purpose, among other things, of providing funds to enable it to lend money to counties, cities, towns, school districts or other districts (the governmental units) within the State of New Hampshire. The provision of funds is accomplished by the direct purchase from such governmental units of their bonds, notes or evidence of debt payable from taxes, charges for services or assessments.

As the result of the Bond Bank issuing tax-exempt debt, it is required to prepare arbitrage rebate calculations for each series of bonds outstanding and remit payment to the Internal Revenue Service every five years. The Bond Bank's policy is to review the calculations annually for financial statement purposes. The Bond Bank has hired an outside firm to calculate arbitrage rebate liability and required payments.

Since its inception, the Bond Bank has issued bonds for its non-guaranteed program pursuant to a General Resolution adopted on December 1, 1978, as amended from time to time (the 1978 Resolution). On July 14, 2005, the Bond Bank adopted a new General Resolution (the 2005 Resolution). While substantially similar to the 1978 Resolution, the 2005 Resolution contained a number of improvements, including a flexible reserve fund sizing requirement, wholesale changes in permitted investments, the ability to meet its reserve fund requirement with surety bond policies and other credit facilities, and a streamlined approach to calling bonds for early redemption. The Bond Bank has issued eight series of new money bonds under the terms of the 2005 Resolution, totaling \$295,571,000 and one refunding issue in 2015 in the amount of \$81,470,000. Series 2015 A refunded the callable bonds for 2006 A, B and 2007 B, C, issued per the 2005 Resolution. Reserve fund bonds in the amount of \$5,410,000 were included in the 2015 A refunding to replace the surety policies. The policies will terminate when all of the non-callable maturities have matured. Bonds issued under the 2005 Resolution are separately secured from all other bonds of the Bond Bank, including those issued under the 1978 Resolution. The adoption of the 2005 Resolution has not resulted in any substantive change to the Bond Bank's overall program.

The Bond Bank analyzes the cost effectiveness of the 1978 Resolution and the 2005 Resolution whenever a new issue of bonds is being considered. Due to the downgrades of the surety bond providers, this is no longer a viable method of funding the reserve fund. Depending on the structure of the new bonds and the reserve fund requirements, we analyze the best alternative by comparing the availability of investments in the market and the possibility of purchasing State of New Hampshire bonds. In fiscal year 2016, 2015 C and 2016 A bonds were issued per the 1978 Resolution. No bonds were issued per the 2005 Resolution.

NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2016

The Bond Bank has purchased surety bond policies to meet the reserve fund requirements for bonds issued under the terms of the 2005 Resolution. Several downgrades of the surety providers occurred between September 2009 and December 2011. The table below summarizes the surety policies purchased by the Bond Bank:

Surety Provider	Amount of Surety Policy	Termination Date of Surety Policy	Ratings as of September 28, 2009			Ratings as of June 30, 2015			Ratings as of June 30, 2016		
			Moody's	S&P	Fitch	Moody's	S&P	Fitch	Moody's	S&P	Fitch
Assured Guaranty Municipal (formerly FSA)	\$2,720,665	8/15/37	Aa3	AAA	AA+	A2	AA	Withdrawn	A2	AA	Withdrawn
Assured Guaranty Municipal (formerly FSA)	\$476,325*	1/15/18	Aa3	AAA	AA+	A2	AA	Withdrawn	A2	AA	Withdrawn
National Public Finance (formerly MBIA)	\$3,137,875*	8/15/17	Baa1	A	Withdrawn	A3	AA-	Withdrawn	A3	AA-	Withdrawn
National Public Finance (formerly FGIC)	\$2,962,250*	8/15/16	Withdrawn	Withdrawn	Withdrawn	A3	AA-	Withdrawn	A3	AA-	Withdrawn
National Public Finance (formerly FGIC)	\$960,750*	1/15/17	Withdrawn	Withdrawn	Withdrawn	A3	AA-	Withdrawn	A3	AA-	Withdrawn

* Amount remaining in this policy is to insure non-callable maturities.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Bond Bank's financial statements, which is comprised of the basic financial statements and the notes to the financial statements. Since the Bond Bank operates under four separate bond resolutions, the financial statements reflect individual fund activity.

Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Bond Bank's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The financial statements present information on all of the Bond Bank's assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and liabilities, with the difference between them reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Bond Bank is improving or deteriorating. Net position increases when revenues exceed expenses. Increases to assets without a corresponding increase to liabilities, result in increased net position, which may indicate an improved financial position.

The statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position present information showing how the Bond Bank's net position changed during the fiscal year. Changes in net position are generally reported as soon as the underlying event occurs, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2016

Supplemental Information

In addition to the financial statements and the accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, to provide readers with a broader insight into the financial standing of the Bond Bank.

Financial Analysis

Net position may serve, over time, as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Bond Bank, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$23,263,442 at June 30, 2016. This represents an increase of \$4,328,429 or 22.86% from the previous fiscal year.

By far, the largest portion of the Bond Bank's net position is its investment in loans to governmental units plus bond proceeds remaining in investments held by trustee, less any related debt used to acquire those assets.

NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2016

The Bond Bank's financial position and operations for the past two years are summarized below based on information included in the financial statements.

<u>ASSETS</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>Percentage Change</u>
Current assets:			
Cash	\$ 136,433	\$ 25,881	427.16%
Investments held by trustee, at fair value	29,730,039	23,398,673	27.06
Loans receivable from governmental units	69,037,000	69,790,400	(1.08)
Accrued investment income receivable	895,331	870,064	2.90
Accrued interest receivable from governmental units	12,092,697	12,787,928	(5.44)
Unamortized bond insurance costs	33,281	43,936	(24.25)
Other current assets	<u>1,767</u>	<u>12,462</u>	<u>(85.82)</u>
Total current assets	111,926,548	106,929,344	4.67
Noncurrent assets:			
Investments held by trustee, at fair value	85,819,686	93,078,459	(7.80)
Loans receivable from governmental units	675,030,000	734,030,000	(8.04)
Unamortized bond insurance costs	<u>357,923</u>	<u>391,204</u>	<u>(8.51)</u>
Total noncurrent assets	<u>761,207,609</u>	<u>827,499,663</u>	<u>(8.01)</u>
Total assets	873,134,157	934,429,007	(6.56)
 <u>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u>			
Unamortized rebates to governmental units	1,069,071	1,472,751	(27.41)
Unamortized deferred loss on refundings	19,842,174	22,252,777	(10.83)
Pension contributions	<u>19,563</u>	<u>16,523</u>	<u>18.40</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	20,930,808	23,742,051	(11.84)
 <u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	26,771	23,441	14.21
Accrued interest payable	13,936,655	14,060,648	(0.88)
Accrued interest rebate payable to U.S. Government	-	252,047	(100.00)
Bonds payable	<u>79,748,794</u>	<u>79,594,802</u>	<u>0.19</u>
Total current liabilities	93,712,220	93,930,938	(0.23)
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Accrued interest rebate payable to U.S. Government	147,046	85,169	72.65
Bonds payable	776,730,812	845,002,706	(8.08)
Accrued pension liability	<u>195,102</u>	<u>185,468</u>	<u>5.19</u>
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>777,072,960</u>	<u>845,273,343</u>	<u>(8.07)</u>
Total liabilities	870,785,180	939,204,281	(7.28)
 <u>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:</u>			
Pension adjustments	<u>16,343</u>	<u>31,764</u>	<u>(48.55)</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>16,343</u>	<u>31,764</u>	<u>(48.55)</u>
 <u>NET POSITION</u>			
Total net position	\$ <u>23,263,442</u>	\$ <u>18,935,013</u>	<u>22.86%</u>

NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2016

Total cash and investments held by trustee decreased \$816,855 or 0.70% at June 30, 2016 compared to June 30, 2015. The Bond Bank's investment portfolio is comprised of cash and cash equivalents, U.S. Government obligations (including treasury bills, notes, and bonds), U.S. Treasury strips, U.S. Government sponsored enterprise strips, NH G.O. Capital Improvement Bonds, certificates of deposit and fixed income mutual funds. The Bond Bank's investments are carried at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses (primarily due to fluctuations in market values) are recognized in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

The Bond Bank's loans receivable from governmental units decreased \$59,753,400 in fiscal year 2016. The Bond Bank's total new loan originations in 2016 of \$11,260,000 were 83.39% lower than 2015 originations of \$67,805,000. Principal repayments in 2016 of \$74,980,000 were 30.33% lower than 2015 principal repayments of \$107,627,000 due to the Bedford School District refinancing its outstanding loan balance of \$35,330,000 in 2015. Net bonds payable decreased 7.37%.

Net position increased 22.86% in fiscal year 2016. The Bond Bank continued to maintain a positive spread of income from investments and loans to governmental units over bond interest and operating expenses.

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>Percentage Change</u>
Interest on loans receivable from governmental units	\$34,023,931	\$36,725,773	(7.36)%
Interest income from investments	3,936,606	3,924,240	0.32
Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments	1,847,355	(904,980)	(304.13)
Other income	<u>71,775</u>	<u>310,842</u>	<u>(76.91)</u>
Total operating revenues	39,879,667	40,055,875	(0.44)
Interest expense	34,829,179	37,479,212	(7.07)
Operating expenses	412,973	356,395	15.88
Other expense	<u>309,086</u>	<u>1,238,631</u>	<u>(75.05)</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>35,551,238</u>	<u>39,074,238</u>	<u>(9.02)</u>
Operating income	4,328,429	981,637	340.94
Net position, beginning of year	<u>18,935,013</u>	<u>17,953,376</u>	<u>5.47</u>
Net position, end of year	<u>\$23,263,442</u>	<u>\$18,935,013</u>	<u>22.86%</u>

Operating revenues are generated principally from interest earned on investments and from fees and interest received from governmental units. The Bond Bank's annual operating budget is approved by the Board of Directors.

NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2016

The net increase in the fair value of investments in 2016 of \$1,847,355 (versus a net decrease in the fair value of investments in 2015 of \$904,980, which equates to a total change in this account of \$2,752,335) was caused by movements in market values of the Bond Bank's investment portfolio.

The decrease in other income and other expense was mainly due to the fact that two new money bonds were issued in fiscal year 2016 versus the issuance of four bonds, one new money bond, one combined new money refunding bond and two refunding bonds in fiscal year 2015.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Bond Bank's financial statements for all those with an interest in its finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional information should be addressed to the Executive Director, New Hampshire Municipal Bond Bank, 25 Triangle Park Drive, Suite 102, Concord, New Hampshire 03301.

<u>LIABILITIES</u>	General Operating Fund Group	Municipal Division			Total
		State Guaranteed Fund Group	Qualified School Construction Fund Group	Non-State Guaranteed Fund Group	
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 26,771	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 26,771
Accrued interest payable	-	13,524	514,011	13,409,120	13,936,655
Bonds payable (note 4)	-	<u>319,320</u>	<u>2,925,000</u>	<u>76,504,474</u>	<u>79,748,794</u>
Total current liabilities	26,771	332,844	3,439,011	89,913,594	93,712,220
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Accrued interest rebate payable to U.S. Government	-	61,100	-	85,946	147,046
Bonds payable (note 4)	-	614,310	29,160,000	746,956,502	776,730,812
Accrued pension liability (note 6)	<u>195,102</u>	-	-	-	<u>195,102</u>
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>195,102</u>	<u>675,410</u>	<u>29,160,000</u>	<u>747,042,448</u>	<u>777,072,960</u>
Total liabilities	221,873	1,008,254	32,599,011	836,956,042	870,785,180
<u>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u>					
Pension adjustments (note 6)	<u>16,343</u>	-	-	-	<u>16,343</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>16,343</u>	-	-	-	<u>16,343</u>
<u>NET POSITION</u>					
Total net position	<u>\$4,048,116</u>	<u>\$ 211,038</u>	<u>\$ 69</u>	<u>\$ 19,004,219</u>	<u>\$ 23,263,442</u>

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES
AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	<u>Municipal Division</u>				<u>Total</u>
	<u>General Operating Fund Group</u>	<u>State Guaranteed Fund Group</u>	<u>Qualified School Construction Fund Group</u>	<u>Non-State Guaranteed Fund Group</u>	
Operating revenues:					
Interest on loans receivable from governmental units	\$ -	\$ 11,526	\$ 1,761,516	\$ 32,250,889	\$ 34,023,931
Interest income from investments	151,042	8,114	28	3,777,422	3,936,606
Net (decrease) increase in the fair value of investments	(114,521)	(20,962)	-	1,982,838	1,847,355
Other income	<u>71,463</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>312</u>	<u>71,775</u>
Total operating revenues (losses)	107,984	(1,322)	1,761,544	38,011,461	39,879,667
Operating expenses:					
Interest expense (note 4)	-	14,229	1,761,516	33,053,434	34,829,179
Operating expenses (note 6)	412,973	-	-	-	412,973
Other expense	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>309,086</u>	<u>309,086</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>412,973</u>	<u>14,229</u>	<u>1,761,516</u>	<u>33,362,520</u>	<u>35,551,238</u>
Operating (loss) income	(304,989)	(15,551)	28	4,648,941	4,328,429
Net position, beginning of year	<u>4,353,105</u>	<u>226,589</u>	<u>41</u>	<u>14,355,278</u>	<u>18,935,013</u>
Net position, end of year	<u>\$4,048,116</u>	<u>\$ 211,038</u>	<u>\$ 69</u>	<u>\$19,004,219</u>	<u>\$23,263,442</u>

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Municipal Division				Total
	General Operating Fund Group	State Guaranteed Fund Group	Qualified School Construction Fund Group	Non-State Guaranteed Fund Group	
Operating activities:					
Cash received from govern- mental units	\$ -	\$ 367,250	\$ 4,748,615	\$ 101,020,377	\$ 106,136,242
Cash payments to govern- mental units	-	-	-	(11,260,000)	(11,260,000)
Cash received (paid) from other income	71,463	-	-	(166)	71,297
Cash paid for operating expenses	(417,992)	-	-	-	(417,992)
Cash payments for bond issuance costs	-	-	-	(309,086)	(309,086)
Cash received for other assets	<u>10,668</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>10,695</u>
Net cash (used) provided by operating activities	(335,861)	367,250	4,748,615	89,451,152	94,231,156
Investing activities:					
Purchases of investments	-	-	-	(11,500,000)	(11,500,000)
Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments	-	15,754	-	14,591,026	14,606,780
Interest received on investments	152,869	24,260	28	3,790,704	3,967,861
Interest rebate paid to U.S. Government	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(246,692)</u>	<u>(246,692)</u>
Net cash provided by investing activities	152,869	40,014	28	6,635,038	6,827,949
Noncapital financing activities:					
Proceeds from bonds payable	-	-	-	11,486,994	11,486,994
Principal paid on bonds payable	-	(295,000)	(2,940,000)	(71,745,000)	(74,980,000)
Interest paid on bonds payable	<u>-</u>	<u>(40,224)</u>	<u>(1,808,615)</u>	<u>(35,274,690)</u>	<u>(37,123,529)</u>
Net cash used by noncapital financing activities	<u>-</u>	<u>(335,224)</u>	<u>(4,748,615)</u>	<u>(95,532,696)</u>	<u>(100,616,535)</u>
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(182,992)	72,040	28	553,494	442,570
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	<u>489,013</u>	<u>61,273</u>	<u>41</u>	<u>6,494,931</u>	<u>7,045,258</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$ 306,021</u>	<u>\$ 133,313</u>	<u>\$ 69</u>	<u>\$ 7,048,425</u>	<u>\$ 7,487,828</u>

NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Municipal Division				Total
	General Operating Fund Group	State Guaranteed Fund Group	Qualified School Construction Fund Group	Non-State Guaranteed Fund Group	
Statement of net position classification:					
Cash	\$ 136,433	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 136,433
Cash equivalents – investments held by trustee	169,588	133,313	69	6,693,007	6,995,977
Cash equivalents – reserve fund investments held by trustee	-	-	-	355,418	355,418
	<u>\$ 306,021</u>	<u>\$ 133,313</u>	<u>\$ 69</u>	<u>\$ 7,048,425</u>	<u>\$ 7,487,828</u>
Reconciliation of operating (loss) income to net cash (used) provided by operating activities:					
Operating (loss) income	\$(304,989)	\$ (15,551)	\$ 28	\$ 4,648,941	\$ 4,328,429
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) income to net cash (used) provided by operating activities:					
Interest income from investments	(151,042)	(8,114)	(28)	(3,777,422)	(3,936,606)
Net decrease (increase) in the fair value of investments	114,521	20,962	-	(1,982,838)	(1,847,355)
Amortization of rebates to governmental units	-	24,480	-	379,200	403,680
Interest expense on bonds payable	-	14,229	1,761,516	33,053,434	34,829,179
Change in assets and liabilities:					
Loans receivable from governmental units	-	325,000	2,940,000	56,488,400	59,753,400
Accrued interest receivable from governmental units	-	6,244	47,099	641,888	695,231
Other assets	10,668	-	-	27	10,695
Accrued pension liability	(8,827)	-	-	-	(8,827)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	<u>3,808</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(478)</u>	<u>3,330</u>
Net cash (used) provided by operating activities	<u>\$(335,861)</u>	<u>\$ 367,250</u>	<u>\$ 4,748,615</u>	<u>\$ 89,451,152</u>	<u>\$ 94,231,156</u>

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

1. Organization

The New Hampshire Municipal Bond Bank (the Bond Bank) was created in 1977 by Chapter 35-A (Act) of the State of New Hampshire (State) Revised Statutes Annotated. The Bond Bank is an instrumentality of the State, but is not a State agency and has no taxing authority. The Bond Bank has separate corporate and sovereign capacity and its Board of Directors is composed of the State Treasurer (who serves as director ex officio) and four directors appointed by the Governor and Executive Council. The Bond Bank has no oversight authority over any other entity.

Under the Act, the Bond Bank is empowered to issue its bonds to make funds available to governmental units having the power to levy taxes (county, city, town, school district, village district or other body corporate and politic), through the purchase by the Bond Bank of their municipal bonds. The governmental units enter into loan agreements with the Bond Bank pursuant to which they issue municipal bonds. Accordingly, the Bond Bank generally enables governmental units to issue debt at a lower cost of borrowing and on more favorable terms than would be possible by financing on their own. As discussed below, the Act was amended in 1982 to establish the Educational Institutions Division.

To achieve its purpose, the Bond Bank operates the following divisions and programs:

General

General Operating Fund Group consists of the operating revenues and expenses incurred by the Bond Bank in administering the resolutions under which it is operating. The resolutions have been grouped into two categories, the Municipal Division and the Educational Institution Division. The General Operating Fund Group was created in July 2011 through transfers from the State Guaranteed Fund Group and the Qualified School Construction Fund Group. No State appropriations are made to the Bond Bank. Fees and charges are received by the Bond Bank for the use of its services or facilities. These fees and charges, along with income from investments, provide for the annual operating costs of the Bond Bank. Prior to the formation of the General Operating Fund Group, the Bond Bank's operating revenues and expenses were included in the revenues and expenses of the State Guaranteed Fund Group, Non-State Guaranteed Fund Group and Coe-Brown Northwood Academy Fund Group.

Municipal Division

State Guaranteed Fund Group bonds issued are not a debt of the State of New Hampshire, and the State is not liable on such bonds. However, the municipal bonds issued through the Bond Bank are guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest by a pledge of the full faith and credit of the State of New Hampshire. The Bond Bank has issued bonds for its State Guaranteed program pursuant to a General Resolution adopted on July 19, 1979, as amended from time to time (the 1979 Resolution).

Qualified School Construction Fund Group bonds issued are not a debt of the State of New Hampshire, and the State is not liable on such bonds. However, the municipal bonds issued through the Bond Bank are guaranteed as to 75 percent of principal and interest by a pledge of the full faith and credit of the State of New Hampshire. The Bond Bank has issued bonds for its Qualified School Construction program pursuant to a General Resolution adopted on June 2, 2010 (the QSCB Resolution).

Non-State Guaranteed Fund Group bonds issued are not a debt of the State of New Hampshire, and the State is not liable on such bonds.

NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

1. Organization (Continued)

Since its inception, the Bond Bank has issued bonds for its Non-State Guaranteed program pursuant to a General Resolution adopted on December 1, 1978, as amended from time to time (the 1978 Resolution). On July 14, 2005, the Bond Bank adopted a new General Resolution (the 2005 Resolution). While substantially similar to the 1978 Resolution, the 2005 Resolution contains a number of improvements, including a flexible reserve fund sizing requirement, some changes in permitted investments, the ability to meet its reserve fund requirement with surety bond policies and other credit facilities, and a streamlined approach to calling bonds for early redemption. The adoption of the 2005 Resolution has not resulted in any substantive change to the Bond Bank's overall program. Total bonds payable outstanding under the 2005 Resolution, which are reported under the Non-State Guaranteed Fund Group, were approximately \$153,575,000 at June 30, 2016.

Bonds issued under the 2005 Resolution are separately secured from all other bonds of the Bond Bank, including those issued under the 1978 Resolution. Bonds issued under the 2005 Resolution (through 2008) have met the reserve fund requirements through the purchase of surety bond policies. Providers of these policies have been downgraded since their purchase. The table below summarizes the surety policies purchased by the Bond Bank that remain to insure non-callable maturities:

<u>Surety Provider</u>	<u>Amount of Surety Policies</u>	<u>Ratings as of June 30, 2016</u>	
		<u>Moody's</u>	<u>S&P</u>
Assured Guaranty Municipal National Public Finance	\$3,196,990	A2	AA
(formerly MBIA) National Public Finance	3,137,875	A3	AA-
(formerly FGIC)	3,923,000	A3	AA-

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Proprietary Fund Accounting

The Bond Bank is accounted for as an Enterprise Fund. An Enterprise Fund is used to account for an operation where periodic determination, on an accrual basis, of revenues earned, expenses incurred and net income is appropriate. Accordingly, the Bond Bank recognizes revenues in the period earned and expenses in the period incurred (i.e. the accrual basis of accounting).

As discussed below, the Bond Bank complies with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) statements codified under GASB Statement No. 62, *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements* (GASB 62).

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with GASB Statements No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, No. 37, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments: Omnibus – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 21 and No. 34 and No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures*.

NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Federal Income Taxes

It is the opinion of management that the Bond Bank is exempt from federal income taxes under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 115, and that the Bond Bank has maintained its tax-exempt status and has no uncertain tax positions that require adjustment or disclosure in these financial statements. However, the Bond Bank is subject to the arbitrage rebate requirements of Section 148 of the IRC. Section 148 requires that any arbitrage profit earned on the proceeds of tax-exempt bonds issued after 1985 must be rebated to the federal government at least once every five years, with the balance rebated no later than 60 days after the retirement of the bonds.

Arbitrage rebate expense, which is presented as a reduction in the amount of interest income from investments, for the year ended June 30, 2016 was approximately \$57,000 in total for the State Guaranteed and Non-State Guaranteed Fund Groups.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Bond Bank considers all checking and savings deposits and highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Investments

Investments are carried at fair value. See note 5. Changes in fair value are recorded as net increase or decrease in the fair value of investments on the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. Interest earnings on principal-only strips within the State Guaranteed and Non-State Guaranteed Fund Groups have been recorded as interest income from investments. Reserve fund investments that are not expected to be utilized to fund bond principal and interest payments until after June 30, 2017 have been classified as long-term.

Bond Discounts, Premiums and Issuance Costs

Costs associated with issuing debt, which are generally paid by means of fees collected from governmental units, are expensed in the year incurred. However, bond insurance costs and original issue discounts or premiums associated with bond issues are deferred and are being amortized to interest expense over the life of the bond issues using the straight-line method. For each refunding, bond discounts (premiums) are presented as a reduction of (increase to) the face amount of bonds payable (note 4), whereas insurance costs are recorded as deferred charges included in unamortized bond insurance costs.

Pension Plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the New Hampshire Retirement System Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (the Pension Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Pension Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Refundings

All advanced refundings completed subsequent to July 1, 1993 within the Bond Bank's municipal division are accounted for in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 23, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Refundings of Debt Reported by Proprietary Activities*. Under GASB Statement No. 23, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense over the remaining life of the old debt, or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, using the straight-line method. The unamortized portion of the deferred amount is reported as a deferred outflow of resources. Amortization for the year ended June 30, 2016 was approximately \$12,000 and \$2,399,000 for the State Guaranteed and Non-State Guaranteed Fund Groups, respectively.

The gains, losses and economic benefits of advance refundings completed within the Educational Institution Division inure to the respective institution and not the Bond Bank. The Board of Directors determines what percentage, if any, of the gains, losses and economic benefits of advanced refunding within the Municipal Divisions gets passed on to the respective governmental units. Refunding benefits for governmental units are distributed to the governmental units as a one-time, upfront, rebate or as reduced debt service payments allocated over the remaining life of the refunded bonds. If the refunding benefits are distributed as a one-time, upfront, rebate, the refunding benefits are deferred and amortized over the life of the refunded bonds (which is equivalent to the life of the loans receivable) using a method which approximates the effective interest method.

Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the Bond Bank to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Total Columns

The "total" columns contain the totals of the similar accounts of the various funds. Since the assets of the funds are restricted, the combination of the accounts, including assets therein, is for convenience only and does not indicate that the combined assets are available in any manner other than that provided for in the separate funds.

Reclassifications

Certain cash balances within the accompanying 2015 statement of cash flows have been reclassified to investments to conform to the 2016 presentation.

NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The definition of fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. The Bond Bank adopted this statement in its fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. See note 5.

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*. The objective of this Statement is to identify the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for state and local government entities. The "GAAP hierarchy" consists of the sources of accounting principles used to prepare financial statements of state and local governmental entities in conformity with GAAP and the framework for selecting those principles. This Statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and nonauthoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP. This statement supersedes Statement No. 55, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015, and is applied retroactively. The Bond Bank adopted this statement in its fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The adoption of this statement had no impact on the Bond Bank's 2016 financial statements.

3. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

At June 30, 2016, the bank balance of the Bond Bank's operating cash accounts (not held by trustee) was \$176,123.

Cash includes funds held in interest bearing demand deposit and savings accounts, which, at times, may exceed amounts guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The Bond Bank has not experienced any losses in such accounts and management believes the Bond Bank is not exposed to any significant risk of loss on cash.

Investments held by trustee and Reserve Fund investments held by trustee consist primarily of U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises, New Hampshire government obligations, certificates of deposit and shares of money market funds which invest in U.S. Government and Government Agency obligations. All investments are held by a trustee in the Bond Bank's name. In addition to the above, the Bond Bank's internal investment policies allow operating investments to include fixed-income mutual funds which hold diversified portfolios in investment-grade debt securities.

NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

3. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

The Act and each of the Municipal Division's general bond resolutions under the State Guaranteed Fund Group and the Non-State Guaranteed Fund Group require the establishment of a debt service reserve fund. These resolutions are secured separately from all other general bond resolutions of the Bond Bank. Amounts on deposit in the debt service reserve fund of each of these resolutions are held by the trustee under each of such general bond resolutions. Investment earnings on amounts held in each respective debt service reserve fund are restricted to the payment of debt service on bonds of the Bond Bank issued pursuant to each respective general bond resolution for the purpose of funding each respective debt service reserve fund. Each of these resolutions pledges its debt service reserve fund to the payment of debt service in the event of a governmental unit payment default.

The 1978 and 1979 Resolutions require their respective debt service funds be sized to meet the maximum amount of maturing municipal bond debt service in any calendar year. The 2005 Resolution requires that for each issue of bonds, the reserve fund requirement shall equal the lesser of (i) 10% of the aggregate original net proceeds of such Series of Bonds, (ii) 125% of the average annual aggregate Debt Service on such Bonds, or (iii) the maximum aggregate amount of Debt Service due on such Bonds in any succeeding bond year. This requirement is subject to change by an amendment to the 2005 Resolution under certain circumstances, but only once 100 loans have been made by the Bank under the 2005 Resolution. Through June 30, 2016, the Bank had made 78 loans under the 2005 Resolution.

As permitted by the bond resolution, any funds not required for loans to government units or deposit to reserve funds, may be held by the Bond Bank as unrestricted investments. These amounts are classified as investments within the General Operating Fund Group.

Reserve Fund investments and investments held by trustee must be invested in any of the following obligations; (a) direct obligations of the United States of America or direct obligations of the State or obligations for which the faith and credit of the United States of America or the State is pledged to provide for the payment of the principal and interest, (b) any bond, debenture, note, participation or other similar obligation issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association, and (c) any other obligation of the United States of America or any Federal agencies which may then be purchased with funds belonging to the State or held in the State Treasury.

Investments of the Bond Bank consist of short-term money market funds that are 100% collateralized by government securities, investments in U.S. Treasury securities, U.S. Government-sponsored enterprise securities, N.H. G.O. Capital improvement bonds, fixed income mutual funds and certificates of deposit. At June 30, 2016, investments are categorized as follows:

	<u>Fair Value</u>
<u>General Operating Fund Group</u>	
Investments held by trustee:	
Cash equivalents	\$ <u>169,588</u>
Operating investments:	
Fixed income – mutual funds	\$ <u>3,955,016</u>
<u>State Guaranteed Fund Group</u>	
Investments held by trustee:	
Cash equivalents	\$ <u>133,313</u>

NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

3. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

	<u>Fair Value</u>
Reserve fund investments held by trustee:	
U.S. Treasury strips	\$ <u>385,788</u>
<u>Qualified School Construction Fund Group</u>	
Investments held by trustee:	
Cash equivalents	\$ <u>69</u>
<u>Non-State Guaranteed Fund Group</u>	
Investments held by trustee:	
Cash equivalents	\$ 6,693,007
Certificate of deposit	<u>8,000,000</u>
	<u>\$14,693,007</u>
Reserve fund investments held by trustee:	
Cash equivalents	\$ 355,418
Certificates of deposit	3,500,000
U.S. Government obligations	38,603,627
U.S. Treasury strips	14,749,444
U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises strips ⁽¹⁾	14,703,184
N.H. G.O. capital improvement bonds	<u>24,301,271</u>
	<u>\$96,212,944</u>

⁽¹⁾ Includes FHLMC, FNMA and REFCORP.

The investment of general operating funds is to provide income to supplement administration of current programs, provide a source of capital for new programs, reduce susceptibility to unanticipated expenditures or revenue shortfalls, and to help maintain credit ratings. Relative to the investment of bond funds, as a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the Bond Bank's investment policy provides that investment maturities be closely matched with future bond principal and interest requirements, which are the primary use of invested assets. The Bond Bank's general practice has been to hold debt securities to their maturity, at which point the funds are needed to make required bond principal and interest payments for the respective resolutions. The following table provides information on future maturities of the Bond Bank's investments as of June 30, 2016:

	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Less than One Year</u>	<u>One to Five Years</u>	<u>Six to Ten Years</u>	<u>More than Ten Years</u>
<u>State Guaranteed Fund Group</u>					
U.S. Treasury strips	\$ <u>385,788</u>	\$ <u>33,965</u>	\$ <u>351,823</u>	\$ <u>—</u>	\$ <u>—</u>
	<u>\$ 385,788</u>	<u>\$ 33,965</u>	<u>\$ 351,823</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>

NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

3. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Less than One Year</u>	<u>One to Five Years</u>	<u>Six to Ten Years</u>	<u>More than Ten Years</u>
<u>Non-State Guaranteed Fund Group</u>					
Certificates of deposit	\$ 11,500,000	\$11,500,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
U.S. Government obligations	38,603,627	809,422	1,488,225	22,826,482	13,479,498
U.S. Treasury strips	14,749,444	3,820,831	9,544,857	1,383,756	-
U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises strips	14,703,184	2,614,828	3,843,817	7,211,382	1,033,157
N.H. G.O. capital improvement bonds	<u>24,301,271</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>24,301,271</u>
	<u>\$ 103,857,526</u>	<u>\$18,745,081</u>	<u>\$14,876,899</u>	<u>\$31,421,620</u>	<u>\$38,813,926</u>

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Bond Bank will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Bond Bank's investments are held by People's United Bank, a state-chartered and publicly traded commercial bank. Management of the Bond Bank is not aware of any issues with respect to custodial credit risk at People's United Bank at June 30, 2016.

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the Bond Bank. The Bond Bank's investment policy limits its investments to those with high credit quality such as U.S. Treasury Obligations and U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises.

Obligations of the U.S. Government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government are considered to have minimal credit risk.

At June 30, 2016, the Bond Bank is invested in the State of New Hampshire's general obligation capital improvement bonds within the Non-State Guaranteed Fund Group.

The Bond Bank has invested some of its long-term funds in U.S. Treasury and U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises principal-only strips in order to maximize yields coincident with cash needs for operations, debt service, and arbitrage. These securities are similar to zero coupon bonds which are purchased deeply discounted, with the Bond Bank receiving its only repayment stream at maturity; therefore, they are sensitive to interest rate changes. These securities are reported at fair value in the statement of net position. At June 30, 2016, the fair value of these investments is approximately \$386,000 and \$29,453,000 with the State Guaranteed and Non-State Guaranteed Fund Groups, respectively.

NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

3. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

The fair value of individual investments that represent 5% or more of the Bond Bank's investments are as follows:

<u>General Operating Fund Group</u>		
Dodge & Cox Income #147	\$ 2,096,643	50.8%
Goldman Sachs Strategic Income Intuitional Fund	1,858,074	45.0
 <u>State Guaranteed Fund Group</u>		
U.S. Treasury strip, 8/15/2017	351,823	67.8
Dreyfus Treasury Agency Cash Management Fund	133,313	25.7
 <u>Non-State Guaranteed Fund Group</u>		
Merrimack County Savings Bank Certificate of Deposit	11,500,000	10.4
U.S. Treasury State & Local Government, 8/15/2023	7,125,585	6.4
U.S. Treasury State & Local Government, 8/15/2024	6,975,419	6.3
U.S. Treasury State & Local Government, 8/15/2039	6,627,479	6.0
N.H. G.O. capital improvement bond, 8/15/2033	6,434,402	5.8

4. Bonds Payable

The carrying amounts of bonds payable at June 30, 2016, by program, are as follows:

Municipal Division:	
State Guaranteed	\$ 933,630
Qualified School Construction	32,085,000
Non-State Guaranteed	<u>823,460,976</u>
	 <u>\$ 856,479,606</u>

Following is a comprehensive summary of bonds payable, with original interest rates, by program at June 30, 2016:

Municipal Division – State Guaranteed

Series 2009 B Refunding Bonds, maturing August 15, 2009 to August 15, 2017 with interest ranging from 2.25% to 4.00%	\$ <u>895,000</u>
	895,000
Net unamortized original issue premium	<u>38,630</u>
	933,630
Bonds payable	933,630
Current portion	<u>319,320</u>
	614,310
Noncurrent portion	\$ <u>614,310</u>

NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

4. Bonds Payable (Continued)

The above bonds payable will mature as follows, with interest payable semiannually:

Fiscal year <u>Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2017	\$285,000	\$30,100	\$315,100
2018	<u>610,000</u>	<u>12,200</u>	<u>622,200</u>
	<u>\$895,000</u>	<u>\$42,300</u>	<u>\$937,300</u>

Municipal Division – Qualified School Construction Bond

Series 2010 C Bonds maturing September 15, 2011 to September 15, 2026 with interest at 5.39%	\$32,085,000
Current portion	<u>2,925,000</u>
Noncurrent portion	<u>\$29,160,000</u>

The above bonds payable will mature as follows, with interest payable semiannually:

Fiscal year <u>Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2017	\$ 2,925,000	\$ 1,650,553	\$ 4,575,553
2018	2,925,000	1,492,895	4,417,895
2019	2,925,000	1,335,238	4,260,238
2020	2,925,000	1,177,580	4,102,580
2021	2,925,000	1,019,923	3,944,923
2022 – 2026	14,550,000	2,744,858	17,294,858
2027	<u>2,910,000</u>	<u>78,424</u>	<u>2,988,424</u>
	<u>\$32,085,000</u>	<u>\$ 9,499,471</u>	<u>\$41,584,471</u>

Municipal Division – Non-State Guaranteed

Series 2003 D Bonds, maturing August 15, 2004 to August 15, 2023, with interest ranging from 2% to 5%	\$ 5,600,000
Series 2006 A Bonds, maturing August 15, 2007 to August 15, 2016 with interest ranging from 4% to 5%	2,890,000
Series 2006 B Bonds, maturing January 15, 2008 to January 15, 2017 with interest ranging from 4.25% to 5%	915,000
Series 2007 A Refunding Bonds, maturing August 15, 2008 to February 15, 2029 with interest ranging from 3.75% to 4.50%	35,795,000
Series 2007 B Bonds, maturing August 15, 2008 to August 15, 2017 with interest ranging from 4% to 5%	6,115,000

NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

4. Bonds Payable (Continued)

Municipal Division – Non-State Guaranteed (Continued)

Series 2007 C Bonds, maturing January 15, 2009 to January 15, 2018 with interest ranging from 4.25% to 5.25%	\$ 870,000
Series 2008 A Bonds, maturing August 15, 2009 to August 15, 2037 with interest ranging from 4% to 5.25%	26,365,000
Series 2008 B Bonds, maturing January 15, 2010 to January 15, 2029 with interest ranging from 4.50% to 5.875%	6,310,000
Series 2009 A Refunding Bonds, maturing August 15, 2009 to February 15, 2026 with interest ranging from 2.50% to 4.25%	3,475,000
Series 2009 C Bonds, maturing August 15, 2010 to August 15, 2029 with interest ranging from 3.00% to 5.00%	14,550,000
Series 2009 D Bonds, maturing July 15, 2010 to July 15, 2039 with interest ranging from 2.50% to 5.50%	24,970,000
Series 2009 E Bonds, maturing January 15, 2011 to January 15, 2030 with interest ranging from 3.00% to 5.00%	20,600,000
Series 2010 A Refunding Bonds, maturing August 15, 2010 to August 15, 2022 with interest ranging from 2.00% to 5.00%	66,170,000
Series 2010 B Bonds, maturing August 15, 2011 to August 15, 2039 with interest ranging from 3.00% to 5.00%	89,545,000
Series 2010 D Bonds, maturing January 15, 2012 to January 15, 2031 with interest ranging from 3.00% to 5.00%	1,325,000
Series 2011 A Bonds, maturing August 15, 2011 to August 15, 2021 with interest ranging from 2.00% to 4.50%	4,935,000
Series 2011 B Bonds, maturing August 15, 2012 to August 15, 2031 with interest ranging from 2.00% to 4.00%	17,875,000
Series 2011 C Bonds, maturing January 1, 2012 to January 1, 2026 with interest ranging from 2.00% to 4.00%	5,010,000
Series 2011 D Bonds, maturing February 15, 2012 to February 15, 2024 with interest ranging from 2.00% to 5.00%	41,115,000
Series 2011 E Bonds, maturing January 15, 2013 to January 15, 2041 with interest ranging from 3.00% to 5.00%	29,505,000
Series 2011 F Bonds, maturing from July 15, 2012 to July 15, 2021 with interest ranging from 2.00% to 4.00%	3,395,000
Series 2012 A Refunding Bonds, maturing August 15, 2012 to February 15, 2025 with interest ranging from 2.00% to 5.00%	28,250,000
Series 2012 B Bonds, maturing August 15, 2013 to August 15, 2032 with interest ranging from 2.00% to 5.00%	14,445,000
Series 2012 C Bonds, maturing February 15, 2013 to February 15, 2039 with interest ranging from 2.00% to 5.00%	32,045,000
Series 2012 D Bonds, maturing February 15, 2014 to February 15, 2033 with interest ranging from 2.00% to 5.00%	6,385,000
Series 2013 A Refunding Bonds, maturing August 15, 2018 to August 15, 2025 with interest ranging from 3.00% to 5.00%	29,090,000
Series 2013 B Refunding Bonds, maturing August 15, 2013 to February 15, 2020 with interest ranging from 0.25% to 2.10%	16,220,000

NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

4. Bonds Payable (Continued)

Municipal Division – Non-State Guaranteed (Continued)

Series 2013 C Bonds, maturing August 15, 2014 to August 15, 2033 with interest ranging from 4.00% to 5.50%	\$ 47,445,000
Series 2014 A Bonds, maturing August 15, 2015 to August 15, 2034 with interest ranging from 3.00% to 5.00%	62,160,000
Series 2014 B Refunding Bonds, maturing February 15, 2016 to February 15, 2035 with interest ranging from 3.00% to 5.00%	18,770,000
Series 2015 A Refunding Bonds, maturing August 15, 2015 to August 15, 2036 with interest ranging from 3.00% to 5.00%	81,270,000
Series 2015 B Refunding Bonds, maturing August 15, 2015 to August 15, 2020 with interest of 5.00%	23,965,000
Series 2015 C Bonds, maturing August 15, 2016 to August 15, 2033 with interest ranging from 2.00% to 4.00%	6,245,000
Series 2016 A Bonds, maturing February 15, 2017 to February 15, 2036 with interest ranging from 2.00% to 4.00%	<u>5,015,000</u>
	778,635,000
Net unamortized original issue premium	<u>44,825,976</u>
Bonds payable	823,460,976
Current portion	<u>76,504,474</u>
Noncurrent portion	<u>\$ 746,956,502</u>

The above bonds payable will mature as follows, with interest payable semiannually:

<u>Fiscal year</u> <u>Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2017	\$ 71,955,000	\$ 33,374,330	\$ 105,329,330
2018	62,600,000	30,475,640	93,075,640
2019	61,875,000	27,723,643	89,598,643
2020	66,400,000	24,965,288	91,365,288
2021	56,355,000	22,210,678	78,565,678
2022 – 2026	244,500,000	74,146,357	318,646,357
2027 – 2031	113,845,000	34,417,157	148,262,157
2032 – 2036	65,865,000	15,341,072	81,206,072
2037 – 2041	<u>35,240,000</u>	<u>4,059,156</u>	<u>39,299,156</u>
	<u>\$ 778,635,000</u>	<u>\$ 266,713,321</u>	<u>\$ 1,045,348,321</u>

NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

4. Bonds Payable (Continued)

Some bonds contain provisions for prepayment at the Bond Bank's option. All bonds are secured by the payment stream of loans receivable from governmental units or institutions. The monies in the reserve funds shall be held and applied solely to the payment of the interest and principal of the reserve fund bonds as they become due and payable and for the retirement of the reserve fund bonds. In the event of a deficiency in an interest and/or principal payment from the governmental units or institutions, transfers can be made from the general reserve funds to cover the shortfall. If this transfer creates a deficiency in the required amount of the reserve funds, the State can annually appropriate and cover such deficiency through the moral obligation. Reserve funds of one division (as defined in note 1) cannot be used to cover deficiencies of another division.

In periods of declining interest rates, the Bond Bank has refunded certain bond obligations by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. The Bond Bank accounts for these transactions by removing the U.S. Treasury obligations and liabilities for the in-substance defeased bonds from its records, and records a deferred amount on refunding. As of June 30, 2016, defeased bonds payable by irrevocable trusts were approximately \$80,750,000.

The following summarizes bonds payable activity for the Bond Bank for the year ended June 30, 2016:

	State Guaranteed Fund Group	Qualified School Construction Fund Group	Non-State Guaranteed Fund Group
Balance, beginning of year	\$1,262,950	\$35,025,000	\$ 888,309,558
Issuances	—	—	11,260,000
Redemptions	(295,000)	(2,940,000)	(71,745,000)
Capitalized premiums	—	—	226,994
Amortization of premiums	<u>(34,320)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(4,590,576)</u>
Balance, end of year	\$ <u>933,630</u>	\$ <u>32,085,000</u>	\$ <u>823,460,976</u>

5. Fair Value Measurements

The Bond Bank generally holds investments until maturity to pay reserve fund bonds as they become due, so fluctuations in the fair value of the investments have a minimal long-term effect. The Bond Bank categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

Level 1 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Bond Bank has the ability to access.

NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

5. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

Level 2 – Inputs to the valuation method include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value are based on one or more of three valuation techniques. The three valuation techniques are as follows:

- *Market approach* – Prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities;
- *Cost approach* – Amount that would be required to replace the service capacity of an asset (i.e., replacement cost); and
- *Income approach* – Techniques to convert future amounts to a single present amount based on market expectations (including present value techniques).

Each asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value.

Cash equivalents: Fair value approximates the relative book values at June 30 as these financial instruments have short maturities.

Certificates of deposit: Fair value is based on the discounted value of contractual cash flows. The discount rate is estimated using rates currently offered for similar maturities.

Fixed income mutual funds: Fair value is based on quoted prices in active markets.

U.S. Government obligations, U.S. Treasury strips, U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises strips and N.H. G.O. capital improvement bonds: Fair value is determined based on quoted prices in active markets, or by using broker or dealer quotations, external pricing providers, or alternative pricing sources with reasonable levels of price transparency.

NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

5. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The methods described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while the Bond Bank believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Bond Bank's assets at fair value as of June 30, 2016:

	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>General Operating Fund Group</u>				
Cash equivalents	\$ 169,588	\$ —	\$ —	169,588
Fixed income – mutual funds	<u>3,955,016</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>3,955,016</u>
	<u>\$4,124,604</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 4,124,604</u>
<u>State Guaranteed Fund Group</u>				
Cash equivalents	\$ 133,313	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 133,313
U.S. Treasury strips	<u>—</u>	<u>385,788</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>385,788</u>
	<u>\$ 133,313</u>	<u>\$ 385,788</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 519,101</u>
<u>Qualified School Construction Fund Group</u>				
Cash equivalents	<u>\$ 69</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 69</u>
<u>Non-State Guaranteed Fund Group</u>				
Cash equivalents	\$7,048,425	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 7,048,425
Certificates of deposit	—	11,500,000	—	11,500,000
U.S. Government obligations	—	38,603,627	—	38,603,627
U.S. Treasury strips	—	14,749,444	—	14,749,444
U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises strips	—	14,703,184	—	14,703,184
N.H. G.O. capital improvement bonds	<u>—</u>	<u>24,301,271</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>24,301,271</u>
	<u>\$7,048,425</u>	<u>\$ 103,857,526</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 110,905,951</u>

6. Cost-Sharing Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description – The Bond Bank participates in a Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (the Pension Plan) administered by the New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS).

NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

6. Cost-Sharing Pension Plan (Continued)

The Pension Plan was established in 1967 by RSA 100-A: 2 and is qualified as a tax-exempt organization under Sections 401(a) and 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Pension Plan is a contributory, defined benefit plan providing service, disability, death and vested retirement benefits to members and their beneficiaries. Substantially all full-time state employees, public school teachers and administrators, permanent firefighters and permanent police officers within the State of New Hampshire are eligible and required to participate in the Pension Plan. The NHRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Pension Plan. That report may be obtained on the NHRS website.

The Pension Plan is divided into two membership groups. State and local employees and teachers belong to Group I. Police and firefighters belong to Group II. All assets are held in a single trust and are available to pay retirement benefits to all members. Bond Bank employees participate in Group I, which is further described below.

Benefits provided – Group I members at age 60 or 65 (for members who commence service after July 1, 2011) qualify for a normal service retirement allowance based on years of creditable service and average final salary for the highest of either three or five years, depending on when their service commenced. The yearly pension amount is 1/60 or 1.667% of average final compensation (AFC), multiplied by years of creditable service. At age 65, the yearly pension amount is recalculated at 1/66 or 1.515% of AFC multiplied by years of creditable service. Members may also qualify for vested deferred allowances, disability allowances and death benefit allowances subject to meeting various eligibility requirements. Benefits are based on AFC or earnable compensation and/or service.

Contributions – By statute, the Board of Trustees of the NHRS is responsible for the certification of employer and employee contribution rates, which are determined through the preparation of biennial valuations of the NHRS's assets by the NHRS's actuary using the entry age normal cost method. The Bond Bank's payroll for the year ended June 30, 2016 for employees covered by the Plan was approximately \$158,300, which was 79% of payroll. The Bond Bank is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate that, when combined with the contributions of other reporting entities, will be adequate to fund the Plan.

The Bond Bank's contributions for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 were \$16,523, \$16,030 and \$12,851 (employer) and \$11,078, \$10,748 and \$10,608 (employee), respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2016, the Bond Bank reported a liability of \$195,102 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Bond Bank's proportionate share of the net position liability was based on a projection of the Bond Bank's long-term share of contributions to the Pension Plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2015, the Bond Bank's proportion was 0.0049%, which is consistent with its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

6. Cost-Sharing Pension Plan (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Bond Bank recognized pension expense of approximately \$10,800 within the General Operating Fund Group. At June 30, 2016, the Bond Bank reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Pension Plan from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Changes in proportion and differences between Bond Bank contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$ -	\$ 5,215
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	6,847
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	4,281
Bond Bank contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>19,563</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$19,563</u>	<u>\$16,343</u>

The above total of \$19,563 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Pension Plan resulting from Bond Bank contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Pension Plan will be recognized as a (reduction) increase in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30

2017	\$ (3,269)
2018	(3,269)
2019	(3,269)
2020	(3,269)
2021	(3,267)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following methods and assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Cost Method – The Entry Age Normal actuarial funding method is used to determine costs. Under this funding method, the total employer contribution rate consists of two elements, the normal cost rate and the unfunded actuarial liability (UAL) rate.

The individual entry age normal method is used to determine liabilities. Under the individual entry age normal method, a normal cost rate is calculated for each member. This rate is determined by taking the value, as of age at entry into the plan, of the member's projected future benefits, and dividing it by the value, also as of the member's entry age, of his/her expected future salary. The normal cost for each member is the product of his/her pay and his/her normal cost rate. The normal cost for the group is the sum of the normal costs for all members. Experience gains and losses, i.e., decreases or increases in liabilities and/or in assets when actual experience differs from the actuarial assumptions, affect the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

6. Cost-Sharing Pension Plan (Continued)

Asset Valuation Method – The actuarial valuation employs a technique for determining the actuarial value of assets which dampens the swing in the market value. The specific technique adopted in this valuation recognizes in a given year a five year smoothed market for funding purposes for investment return.

Amortization – The net pension liability is amortized on a closed basis over a period of 24 years.

Significant actuarial assumptions employed by the actuary for funding purposes as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014 are as follows:

Investment Rate of Return – 7.75% per annum, compounded annually

Salary Increases, Merit and Inflation – 3.75% to 5.80% per year

Mortality Rates – based on RP-2000 mortality table, projected to 2020 with Scale AA. The table includes a margin of 15% for men and 17% for women for mortality improvements.

Inflation increases – 3.00% per annum (price) and 3.75% per annum (wage)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major class of assets. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Pension Plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2015 are summarized in the following table.

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
Domestic equities:		
Large cap	22.50%	3.00%
Small/Mid cap	7.50	3.00
International equities:		
Unhedged	13.00	4.00
Emerging	7.00	6.00
Fixed income:		
Core bonds	4.50	(0.70)
Short duration	2.50	(1.00)
Global multi-sector	11.00	0.28
Unconstrained	7.00	0.16
Alternative investments:		
Private equity	5.00	5.50
Private debt	5.00	4.50
Real estate	10.00	3.50
Opportunistic	5.00	2.75

NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

6. Cost-Sharing Pension Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the collective total pension liability was 7.75% for 2015 and 2014. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and non-employer entity contributions will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Pension Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following table shows how the Bond Bank's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2015 would change if the discount rate used was one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate. The current rate is 7.75%.

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
Bond Bank's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$256,826	\$195,102	\$142,482

Changes in net pension liability are recognized in pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2016 with the following exceptions.

Differences between expected and actual experience – The difference between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. For the 2015 actuarial valuation, this was 5.4 years.

Changes in Assumptions – Differences due to changes in assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or other inputs were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. There were no changes in assumptions for the Pension Plan in 2015.

Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings – Differences between projected and actual investment earnings were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed five-year period.

Changes in Employer Proportionate Share and Differences between Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions – Differences resulting from a change in proportionate share of contributions and differences between total employer contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. There are no differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of contributions because the Pension Plan utilizes employer contributions as a method of allocation.

NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

7. Subsequent Events

On July 14, 2016 the Bond Bank issued \$46,420,000 in Non-State Guaranteed Fund Group bonds. The issue included \$42,195,000 for loans to sixteen municipalities. The coupon rate ranged from 2.00% to 5.00% with a True Interest Cost (TIC) of 2.33%. On July 21, 2016 the Bond Bank issued \$9,840,000 in Non-State Guaranteed Fund Group bonds. The issue included \$9,840,000 for loans to two municipalities. The coupon rate ranged from 2.00% to 4.00% with a TIC of 2.04%.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

SCHEDULE OF THE BOND BANK'S PROPORTIONATE
SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Last 3 Fiscal Years*

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Bond Bank's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0049%	0.0049%	0.0052%
Bond Bank's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$195,102	\$185,468	\$222,431
Bond Bank's covered-employee payroll	\$158,300	\$153,500	\$151,500
Bond Bank's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	123.2%	120.8%	146.8%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	65.47%	66.32%	59.81%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the beginning of the fiscal year. Data has been provided for fiscal years in which the data is available.

NEW HAMPSHIRE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

SCHEDULE OF THE BOND BANK'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Contractually required contribution	\$ 16,523	\$ 16,030	\$ 12,851	\$ 13,558	\$ 13,364	\$ 12,762	\$ 11,631	\$ 11,047	\$ 7,520	\$ 8,498
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(16,523)</u>	<u>(16,030)</u>	<u>(12,851)</u>	<u>(13,558)</u>	<u>(13,364)</u>	<u>(12,762)</u>	<u>(11,631)</u>	<u>(11,047)</u>	<u>(7,520)</u>	<u>(8,498)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ <u>—</u>	\$ <u>—</u>	\$ <u>—</u>							
Bond Bank's covered-employee payroll	\$158,300	\$153,500	\$151,500	\$155,500	\$147,000	\$139,700	\$133,100	\$126,400	\$110,400	\$124,800
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	10.44%	10.44%	8.48%	8.72%	9.09%	9.14%	8.74%	8.74%	6.81%	6.81%